European Federation of Neurological Societies

MINISTRY OF HEALTH CARE OF THE REPUBLIC OF BELARUS
VITEBSK STATE MEDICAL UNIVERSITY
BELARUSSIAN SCIENTIFIC SOCIETY OF NEUROLOGISTS

CLINICAL NEUROLOGY

International EFNS Teaching Course

Vitebsk
June 6-7, 2002
EFNS Teaching Course Vitebsk, Belarus, June 6-7, 2002

Main organizer

Yuri Alekseenko, MD, PhD
Assoc. Prof. and Chairman
Department of Neurology and Neurosurgery
Vitebsk Medical University
Prospect Frunze, 27
210602 Vitebsk
Belarus
Tel.: +375 212 223 995
Fax: +375 212 372 107
E-mail: yuri_alekseenko@hotmail.com

PROGRAMME

Franz Gerstenbrand, Vienna, Austria: Ethics in neurological clinical trials

Michael O’Brien, London, United Kingdom: Special problems of women with epilepsy

Dirk Dressler, Rostock, Germany: Dystonic syndromes

Evžen Růžička, Prague, Czech Republic: Extrapyramidal side effects of neuroleptic treatment

Dirk Dressler, Rostock, Germany: Usage of Botulinum toxin in dystonic disorders

Evžen Růžička, Prague, Czech Republic: Deep brain stimulation; mechanisms and clinical effects

Peer Tfelt-Hansen, Glostrup, Denmark: Mechanisms of migraine
Acute and prophylactic treatment of migraine

Peer Tfelt-Hansen, Glostrup, Denmark: Experience and problems with multicentre trials in the treatment of migraine attacks

Michael O’Brien, London, United Kingdom: Pathophysiology of ischaemic penumbra

Gudrun Boysen, Copenhagen, Denmark: Diagnostic and handling of acute stroke patients

Pavel Kalvach, Prague, Czech Republic: Neuroimaging in ischemic stroke

Anna Czlonkowska, Warsaw, Poland: Primary and secondary prevention of stroke by means of statins and hypertensive therapy

Gudrun Boysen, Copenhagen, Denmark: Stroke prevention in atrial fibrillation
Round table (Faculty and Belarussian neurologists: Stroke: management and prevention

From the final report:

217 neurologists from Belarus, Moldova and Ukraine were registered for the course. In addition, approximately 120 non-neurologists attended the course; these included medical students, university lecturers from different departments, physicians from the city etc.

The course was considered to be very important. This is not only demonstrated by the high number of participants, but also by the fact that the Belarussian Deputy Minister for health, the Rector of the University of Vitebsk and Prof. Antonov, President of the Belarussian Neurological Society personally attended the opening session. The information about the TC appeared repeatedly in newspapers, local and national TV programmes.

The course took place at the University of Vitebsk in a well-equipped lecture hall. All speakers presented high quality lectures illustrated by excellent slides. Syllabi provided by the speakers helped a great deal to facilitate understanding.

Uschi Tschabitscher, F. Gerstenbrand, I.P. Antonov, A. Członkowska, P. Kalvach

The local organizers Prof. Yuri Alexeenko and his team took excellent care of all arrangements for the speakers, e.g. transportation from Minsk to Vitebsk and back, accommodation at a charming resort outside of the city itself, social gatherings with ample opportunity to talk to Belarussian neurologists, etc.
The organizers have met with the different special tasks and some additional specific problems (specific just for countries in transition – exaggerated bureaucratic formalities in Ministry of Health Care, invitations, visa etc.).

English was one of the main problems. The organizers have informed the participants by the first and second announcements that there will be no simultaneous translation during presentations. It was impossible because of technical conditions. They prepared the brief summary in Russian and duplicated some documents. But some of the colleagues ignored the preliminary information and experienced some difficulties. At the same time a lot of Belarussian specialists received stimuli to improve their English by any means (special programme, using English in neurology and education).

In conclusion the organizers would like to express their general opinion that the TC was a great success and their cooperation must be continued in future.